

Duty of Candour Annual Report 2025



About Community Lifestyles

Community Lifestyles supports disabled adults and young people, and people with long-term conditions to live full lives in their homes and communities across Glasgow. We work alongside individuals and other important people in their lives to achieve the outcomes that matter most to them. As at 31st of March 2025, we supported 356 people.

The Duty of Candour

As part of the Health (Tobacco, Nicotine etc. and Care) (Scotland) Act 2016, the Duty of Candour is a legal requirement for social care, social work and health services to investigate, explain, apologise for, and learn from certain incidents which cause death or harm to those in their care.

It ensures that if something goes wrong in a service, the people affected are offered an explanation, an apology, and an assurance that staff and the organisation will learn from the error. The learning is shared with the people affected and throughout the organisation. As a Social Care Provider this information is also sent to our regulator, the Care Inspectorate.

Duty of Candour - Activation

Duty of Candour is activated when the following four requirements have all been met:

- 1. An unintended or unexpected incident occurs while a health, care or social work organisation are delivering care or support to someone.
- 2. The incident is a result of something the organisation did or omitted to do as part of the care or support provided.
- 3. A health professional advises that, in their reasonable opinion, the incident has resulted in or is likely to result in the following:
 - a. the death of the individual who received the care or support,
 - b. severe harm to the individual,
 - c. harm to the individual, which is not severe, or
 - d. the need for treatment from a health professional to prevent a, b, or c.
- 4. The health professional advises that any of the outcomes listed under requirement 3 relate directly to the incident, rather than the natural course of any underlying condition or illness the individual has.

<u>Severe harm</u> is the permanent lessening of bodily, sensory, motor, physiological or intellectual functions, for example, following the incident the person is no longer able to move the affected arm.

<u>Harm</u> which is not severe results in the following:

- an increase in the person's treatment,
- changes to the structure of the person's body,
- the shortening of the life expectancy of the person,
- an impairment of the persons' sensory, motor, or intellectual functions which has lasted, or is likely to last, for a continuous period of at least 28 days, or
- the person experiencing pain or psychological harm which has been, or is likely to be, experienced by them for a continuous period of at least 28 days.

There have been <u>NO</u> activations of the Duty of Candour in the year, 1st April 2024 – 31st March 2025 under any of the above categories.